



COMPUTER/ TECHNOLOGY CONSULTANTS SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION

I. INSTRUCTIONS

1. **Complete in addition to the Richmond National Miscellaneous Professional Liability Application.**
2. All application questions must be fully answered. If more space is needed, continue on a separate sheet and indicate the question number.
3. If a question does not apply, write "N/A".

II. GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name: _____
 Policy Number: _____

III. PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

1. Please indicate the percentages of the Applicant's total operations involving the following services:

Application Service Provider (ASP)	
Electronic Data Processing	
Technology Consulting	
Custom Software Development	
Package Software Development	
Sale of Software on behalf of others	
Sale of Hardware on behalf of others (value-added resell)	
Time-Sharing	
Systems Analysis /Design/Integration/Migration/Consulting	
Website Design, Development, Hosting	
Local/ Long Distance/ Cellular Service Provider	
Enterprise Resource/ Risk Management	
Relational Database Systems	
Online/ Internet/ Web Hosting/ Access Provider/ E-Commerce	
Hardware or components, machinery, equipment installation, maintenance & support services	
Design, manufacture or modification of computer hardware components, machinery & equipment	
Other (Specify):	

2. Please list principal industries to which the Applicant provides products and/or services (e.g. consumer products, professions, utilities, industrial, financial, governmental, educational, etc): _____

3. Please indicate the percentages in each of the following areas in which the Applicant's software or services for others has major or primary applications:

LAN/Network Management		Administrative	
Accounting		Educational	
Architectural (e.g. Model building/ projection)		Imaging	
Utilities/ Oil and Gas Power/ Nuclear Energy		Publishing	
Database Management Systems/ 4GL		Office Automation	
Scientific/ Mathematical		Internet/ Intranet/ Extranet	
Electronic Data Interchange		Telecommunications	
Systems Security / Firewalls/ Encryption		Medical	
Banking/ Financial/ Funds Transfer		Fire Security or other Emergency Applications	
Environmental/ Pollution		Other (Specify):	
Government			

4. Is the Applicant involved with computer-aided manufacturing (CAM), computer-aided engineering (CAE), computer-aided design/drafting (CAD) or real-time monitoring systems or software? Yes No

If yes, provide a complete description of such activity, including end use of Applicants by client: _____

5. If the Applicant is a value-added reseller of hardware and/or software:

a. Has the Applicant obtained the license rights to use and/or sell this product? Yes No

What procedures does the Applicant use to certify the license is valid? _____

b. Is the hardware manufacturer and/or software developer currently in operation? Yes No

c. Please provide a copy of license/ distribution agreement.

6. Is all of the Applicant's system and/or software design and development work for others documented and tested? Yes No

7. Is a standard test plan followed for all of the Applicant's system and/or software design and development work? Yes No

8. Does the Applicant's test plan include procedures for detection and correction of bugs, viruses, intrusions, security flaws or other anomalies? Yes No

9. Are the Applicant's clients responsible for determining the accuracy of test results? Yes No

10. Do the Applicant's clients provide written acceptance of the systems and/or software prior to production or implementation? Yes No

11. Does the Applicant retain design, development and testing documentation for the life of the systems and/or software? Yes No

If no, how long are these critical documents retained? _____

12. If bugs, viruses, intrusions, security flaws or other anomalies are discovered in systems and/or software the Applicant provides to others, what are the Applicant's procedures for determining affected users/ licensees, notifying them of potential problems and providing necessary modifications? _____

13. Describe the Applicant's procedures to safeguard against potential copyright infringement allegations being made against the Applicant arising out of:

a. Systems and/or software designed or developed by the Applicant for others: _____

b. Systems and/or software created by others and modified by the Applicant: _____

IV. FRAUD WARNINGS

General Fraud Warning: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Applicable Notice to Applicants in:

Alabama	Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution, fines, or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.
Alaska	Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.
Arizona	For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.
Arkansas	Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
California	For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent information to obtain or amend insurance coverage or to make a claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.
Colorado	It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.
Delaware	Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.
District of Columbia:	WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.
Florida	Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.
Idaho	Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.
Indiana	A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.
Kentucky	Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.
Louisiana	Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
Maine	It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.
Maryland	Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
Minnesota	A person who files a claim with intent to defraud, or helps commit a fraud against an insurer, is guilty of a crime.
New Hampshire	Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.
New Jersey	Claim: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

	Application: Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.
New Mexico	Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.
New York	Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.
Ohio	Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.
Oklahoma	Warning: any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.
Oregon	Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud or solicit another to defraud an insurer: (1) by submitting an application, or (2) by filing a claim containing a false statement as to any material fact thereto, may be committing a fraudulent insurance act, which may be a crime and may subject the person to criminal and civil penalties.
Pennsylvania	Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.
Rhode Island	Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.
Tennessee	It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.
Texas	Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.
Virginia	It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.
Washington	It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.
West Virginia	Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

THIS COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY CONSULTANT SUPPLEMENT IS ATTACHED TO AND FORMS A PART OF THE RICHMOND NATIONAL MISCELLANEOUS PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY APPLICATION. IT IS SUBJECT TO THE SAME PROVISIONS CONCERNING REPRESENTATIONS MADE AS IN THE BASIC APPLICATION.

Name of Applicant:		
Signature of person authorized to execute on behalf of the Applicant:		Date:
Print name and title of person authorized on behalf of the Applicant:		
Agent/Broker Name:		